
ENGLISH

« Translated from the original instructions »

THIS MANUAL CONTAINS THE INSTRUCTIONS REQUIRED TO INSTALL INTERPUMP PUMPS AND PROVIDES THE INSTALLATION ENGINEER WITH THE NECESSARY INFORMATION ON THEIR USE AND MAINTENANCE. IT THUS FORMS AN INTEGRAL PART OF THE INSTRUCTIONS AND SHOULD BE READ CAREFULLY BEFORE PROCEEDING TO PERFORM ANY OPERATIONS, AND KEPT WITH CARE.

FOLLOW THE INSTRUCTIONS SCRUPULOUSLY IN ORDER TO ENSURE SAFE AND EFFICIENT OPERATION. FAILURE TO DO SO MAY CAUSE FAULTS TO OCCUR PREMATURELY AND CREATE HAZARDS, AS WELL AS MAKING THE GUARANTEE NULL AND VOID.

1 - GENERAL INFORMATION

1.1 - The installation engineer is responsible for passing this information on to the end user to ensure that the machine on which the pump is to be installed is used properly.

INTERPUMP GROUP declines all liability for any damage caused by negligence or failure to respect the rules contained in this manual.

1.2 - The STANDARD pumps work with clean, soft water, at a maximum temperature of 40°C, and, only for short periods, up to 60°C. In the latter case, call the Technical Department or the Customer Care Department to establish the specifications required according to the type of plant installed.

The special pumps series VHT are specifically designed to operate with soft and clean water up to a temperature of 110°C in compliance with the conditions indicated on the chart on the last page.

The SS series pumps are specially designed to work with salty water, demineralized water up to a temperature of 85°C and other aggressive solutions; for the latter, call the Technical Department or the Customer Engineering Service to assess compatibility and the specifications required according to the type of application.

The performance indicated in the catalogue refers to the maximum performance provided by the pump. Irrespective of the power used, the pressure and maximum number of revolutions indicated in the catalogue cannot be exceeded unless expressly authorized by the Technical Department or Customer Engineering Service.

1.3 - Improper use of pumps and high-pressure systems and failure to respect installation and maintenance regulations may cause serious injury to persons and/or damage to things.

No reasonably applicable safety precaution must be omitted by the Installation engineer or the Operator.

Any person responsible for assembling or using high-pressure systems must have the competence required to do so, be familiar with the characteristics of the components he is about to assemble/ use and adopt all necessary precautions required to guarantee maximum safety under all operating conditions.

1.4 - Considering that the pump is incorporated in a complete system, its installation and use should be suitable for the type of system and conform to the safety regulations in force in the country where it is to be used.

1.5 - Before using the pump, make sure that the system in which it is incorporated has been declared compliant with the provisions laid down by the applicable Directives and/or standards.

1.6 - Before installing and using the pump received, we recommend you check its condition and that its ratings correspond to those required. If they do not, avoid starting the pump and contact the Customer Engineering Service for instructions.

1.7 - The pump must be assembled and installed by qualified staff, with the necessary mechanical and technical skills, following the user and safety instructions given in this manual and the manual provided with the pump.

1.8 - High-pressure system components, particularly those of systems that run mainly outdoors, must be adequately protected against the rain, frost and heat.



A suitably-calibrated overpressure valve must be installed, as well as the pressure regulating valve, must be installed on the high-pressure line.



The high-pressure pipes must be correctly sized for the system's maximum working pressure and used exclusively within the working pressure range indicated by the pipe manufacturer and marked on the pipe itself.



The ends of the high-pressure pipes must be sheathed and secured to a solid structure, so as to avoid the risk of whiplash if the connections burst or break.



The pump transmission systems (joints, pulleys, belts, rotary shafts), must be suitably covered by a protective case.



In relation to the application, use and environmental conditions, during the operation the outer surfaces of the pump may reach high temperatures. Therefore we recommend to take precautions to avoid contact with hot parts.



If in doubt, do not hesitate to call the INTERPUMP GROUP Customer Engineering Service.

2 - INSTALLATION

2.1 - The pump should be installed in a horizontal position using the supporting feet or coupled directly to the motor using the original flange provided.

2.2 - The base must be flat and rigid so as to avoid bending and misalignments along the pump/motor coupling axis.

2.3 - The pump/motor assembly cannot be fixed rigidly to the frame or base, anti-vibration elements must be set in between.

2.4 - Avoid installing and using the pumps near heat sources and/or in environments where condensation may form as this affects the effectiveness of the lubricant contained in the pump.

2.5 - Make sure that the pump never operates dry even for short periods by installing safety devices on the system.

2.6 - For pumps with a built-in regulating valve or if the plant has the pressure regulating valve outlet (BYPASS) connected directly to the feed inlet (IN) of the pump, the pump must not be operated in BYPASS mode for more than 3 minutes, otherwise there will be a risk of damage to the seals and valves caused by overheating.

For special applications, contact the Technical Department or the Customer Engineering Service.

3 - FEED LINE

To ensure the pump works to its full potential, the feed line must have the following characteristics:

3.1 - An inside diameter at least as large as the (IN) inlet on the pump manifold; along the pipe avoid fitting 90° elbows, connections with other pipes, chokes, "T" connections, siphons, areas where air bubbles may stagnate and cause head losses and cavitation.

3.2 - The lay-out must be such as to ensure, under all working conditions, a positive head of between

min. 0.20 m (0.02 bars) and max. 80 m (8 bar) measured at the pump feed inlet; this minimum value is valid for cold water having a temperature of up to 20°C, for higher temperatures, see the graph on the last page.

The pumps can also work at a lower supply pressure, under certain operating conditions authorised by Interpump Group Technical Department.

3.3 - It must be completely airtight and designed in such a way that its seal is guaranteed to last in time.

3.4 - It must be equipped with a filter of a suitable size, according to the capacity of the pump, and with a filtering degree of min. 300 µm; the filter must be positioned as close as possible to the pump feed attachment.

N.B. Even if the water to be used is clean, the filter must be installed to prevent foreign bodies present in the plant such as swarf, welding slag or limestone scaling from entering the pump.

3.5 - Flexible piping should be used in the section closest to the pump so as to prevent forced connections and the transmission of vibrations.

3.6 - It must be designed in such a way as to avoid the pump emptying even only partially when it comes to a halt.

4 - DELIVERY LINE

The following rules should be respected in designing the DELIVERY line:

4.1 - The inside diameter of the piping must be correctly sized according to the maximum pressure and capacity so as to ensure the appropriate speed of the fluid and to limit head losses.

4.2 - The first section of piping connected to the pump must be flexible, so as to avoid forced connections and to isolate the vibrations produced by the pump from the rest of the plant.

4.3 - Use should be made of pressure gauges capable of withstanding the pulsating loads typical of piston pumps, installed in such a way as to measure the pressure directly at the pump manifold.

4.4 - In the design phase, consideration should be given to the head losses on the line, which result in a drop in working pressure with respect to the pressure measured at the pump.

4.5 - A suitably sized pulsation damper should be installed for applications in which the pulsations produced by the pump on the delivery line have an undesired or detrimental effect.



Use high-pressure pipes and fittings suited to the working pressures that may arise under all operating conditions.



Install a suitably calibrated overpressure valve, as well as the pressure regulating valve.

5 - MAINTENANCE

5.1 - System maintenance work should be done within the time intervals laid down by the system manufacturer, who is responsible for the entire assembly in accordance with the law.

5.2 - Correct maintenance prolongs the life of the pump and maintains its maximum performance in time.

5.3 - All maintenance work should be done by specialized, authorized staff.

5.4 - The pump and its components are to be assembled and disassembled exclusively by authorized

staff, using equipment suited to the purpose so as to avoid damaging components that could put their safety at risk.

5.5 - When it is to be scrapped, we recommend you take the pump to an authorized waste disposal centre or call your local INTERPUMP GROUP Authorized Service Centre.

5.6 - Scheduled maintenance:

| | | |
|--------------------------|-----------------|---|
| After the first 50 hours | Every 500 hours | Every 1000 hours (mean period: should be reduced for harsh operating condition) |
| Oil change | Oil change | Checking/replacement: Valve assemblies, pumping seals. |

For the recommended oils, see the table on the last page of this manual.



WARNING: All used oil should be collected in containers and delivered to authorized centres for disposal in accordance with the regulations in force. In no circumstances shall it be dumped in the environment.



WARNING: To guarantee absolute reliability and safety, use should be made exclusively of original spare parts.

6 - GUARANTEE CONDITIONS

6.1 – The guarantee period and conditions are indicated in the purchase agreement.

6.2 – The guarantee will, in any case, be considered null and void if the pump is used for improper purposes, coupled with motors having a power higher than those indicated, used at pressures or speeds higher than those indicated, repaired with non-original spare parts or if it is damaged as a result of a failure to following the instructions given in this manual.

7 - START-UP



Replace the RED transport cap with the cap with a built-in dipstick provided.

7.1 - Check the oil level through the window or using the dipstick and, if necessary, top it up.

7.2 - Make sure that all fittings are securely tightened and that the pump feed is open.

7.3 - To expel the air present in the pump and make it easier to fill, we recommend you detach the delivery pipe from the pump or keep the appliance/s open without any nozzles fitted.

7.4 - Start the pump for 5/10 seconds until the liquid flows out smoothly from the delivery pipe or appliances; if this does not happen, stop the pump and repeat the operation after a 10-second pause.

7.5 - Complete the connections and/or install the nozzles.

7.6 - All INTERPUMP pumps are tried and tested prior to shipment, the installation engineer is, however, obliged to test the complete system for an adequate time to check for leaks, overheating, deterioration in performance or calibration, etc.



Calibrate or regulate the valves; to prevent tampering, apply lead seals where possible, or paint the regulating registers so that any tampering can be readily detected.

8 - TROUBLESHOOTING GUIDE

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| At start-up, the pump makes no noise | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The pump is not primed and is operating dry, without lubricant • The water supply is off. • The valves are blocked. • The delivery line is closed and does not let the air flow out of the pump. |
| The pipes pulsate in an irregular fashion. | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • There is insufficient air suction and/or supply. • Bends, elbows, fittings on the feed line are slowing down the flow of the liquid. • The feed filter is dirty or too small. • The booster pump, if installed, is providing an insufficient pressure and/or capacity. • The pump is not primed due to an insufficient head, the delivery pipe closing during priming and/or a valve sticking • Worn pressure valves and/or seals and/or transmission problems. • The pressure regulating valves are not working properly. |
| The pump does not give the rated capacity and makes excessive noise. | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • There is an insufficient supply and/or the number of revolutions is less than the rated value. • Excessive leaking from the pressure regulating valve and/or the pressure seals. • Worn valves. • Cavitation due to undersized feed pipes and/or filter, insufficient capacity, high water temperature, clogged filter. |
| The pressure supplied by the pump is insufficient. | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The appliance (nozzle) is too large or is worn. • Excessive leaking from the pressure seals. • The pressure regulating valve is not working properly and/or the valves are worn. |
| The pump overheats: | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The pressure and/or the number of revolutions is higher than the rated value. • The oil in the sump of the pump is not at the required level or is not of the recommended type. • The belt is too tight, the joint or the transmission is not aligned. |

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